



Year 6 - Spring Term 1

Revolution

Art



Let's see what knowledge we can find out about our artist focus.



Movement (A style of art followed by a group of artists during a certain period in time)

William Morris followed a range of movements over different time periods including; Romanticism, Symbolism, Pre-Raphaelite and Aestheticism. But, he was best known for:

Arts and Crafts Movement

- In the 2nd half of the 19th Century a group of people were dissatisfied with what they thought was a deterioration of design and manufacturing.
- The rise of plain-looking and mass-produced items caused by the industrial revolution, advocated the importance of decoration and beauty. Through the arts and crafts movement,
- Representatives promoted handicraft instead of mass production.

William Morris



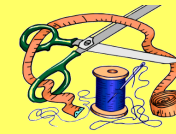
DOB: 24th March 1834 - 3rd October 1896

Nationality: British, born in Walthamstow near London.

Mediums he used (refer to both to the type of art (e.g. painting, sculpture, printmaking), as well as the materials an artwork is made from).

Textile art is the process of creating something using fibres gained from sources like plants, animals, insects, or synthetic materials.

Printmaking is an artistic process based on the principle of transferring images from a matrix onto another surface, most often paper or fabric.



William Morris bought a factory close to where we live. Merton Abbey Works was purchased in 1881 next to the River Wandle.



The artwork we'll be inspired by



Strawberry Thief



Snakehead



Rose



Fruit Wallpaper

Other examples of their work

